

# Article Title

First Author<sup>1</sup>, Second Author<sup>2</sup>, and Third Author<sup>3</sup>

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## ABSTRACT

Dummy abstract text. Please do not use any commands or any formatting within the abstract. Also, please do not use subsections, etc. within the abstract.

Keywords: Keyword1, Keyword2, Keyword3

## INTRODUCTION

Your introduction goes here. Some examples of commonly used  $\LaTeX$  commands and features are listed below, to help you get started.

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## SOME $\LaTeX$ EXAMPLES

Use section and subsection commands to organize your document.  $\LaTeX$  handles all the formatting and numbering automatically. Use ref and label commands for cross-references.

### Figures and Tables

Use the table environment and the tabular command for basic tables — see Table 1, for example.

To include a figure in your document, use the figure environment and the includegraphics command as in the code for Figure ??.

Item	Quantity
Widgets	42
Gadgets	13

**Table 1.** An example table.



**Figure 1.** An example image.

### Citations

LaTeX formats citations and references automatically using the bibliography records in your .bib file. Use the `\cite` command for an inline citation, like

### Mathematics

LaTeX is great at typesetting mathematics. Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be a sequence of independent and identically distributed random variables with  $E[X_i] = \mu$  and  $\text{Var}[X_i] = \sigma^2 < \infty$ , and let

$$S_n = \frac{X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n}{n} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_i^n X_i$$

denote their mean. Then as  $n$  approaches infinity, the random variables  $\sqrt{n}(S_n - \mu)$  converge in distribution to a normal  $\mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$ .

### Lists

You can make lists with automatic numbering ...

1. Like this,
2. and like this.

... or bullet points ...

- Like this,
- and like this.

... or with words and descriptions ...

**Word** Definition

**Concept** Explanation

**Idea** Text

## METHODS

In a bioinformatics paper, the methods section should be the most important one. Therefore, feel free to have more than one method section or to choose a more meaningful title for it.

### Subsection

Here is an interesting equation that may be helpful in some situations:

$$\cos^3 \theta = \frac{1}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{3}{4} \cos 3\theta \tag{1}$$

**Paragraph** Nothing to see here. Move on.

**Paragraph** Really.

## **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

You may want to separate results, discussion and conclusion, according to your needs.

Please submit the final pdf file via EasyChair to the GCB2016 program committee by 7. August 2016.

## **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

Thank you for your support!